

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FIL	ING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/085,906	02	2/27/2002	Vincent Ling	GNN-5343CP2	5219
959	7590	06/05/2003			
LAHIVE &		ELD	EXAMINER		
28 STATE STREET BOSTON, MA 02109				SWITZER, JULII	ET CAROLINE
				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				1634	
				DATE MAILED: 06/05/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.		Applicant(s)					
	10/085,906		LING ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit					
	Juliet C. Switz	zer	1634					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status								
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	·							
2a)☐ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ Thi	is action is no	n-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims								
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-14</u> is/are pending in the application								
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.								
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
8) Claim(s) 1-14 are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.								
Application Papers	•							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner	r.							
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be	held in abeyance. Se	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a)∏ appr	oved b)□ disappro	ved by the Examiner.					
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.								
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.								
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).								
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:								
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.								
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No								
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).								
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.								
Attachment(s)	•							
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	4) 5) 	Notice of Informal F	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)					

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

- 1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
 - I. Claims 1-12, drawn to a method for determining the predisposition of a human subject to develop autoimmune disease using polymorphic microsatellite repeat, classified in class 435, subclass 6.
 - II. Claim 13, drawn to a PCR primer, classified in class 536, subclass 24.3.
 - III. Claim 14, drawn to a method for determining the predisposition of a human subject to develop autoimmune disease, classified in class 435, subclass 6.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

- 2. Inventions I and II are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the products of invention II can be used in a variety of methods including for genotyping assays, nucleic acid purification assays, and screening assays to isolate related genes.
- 3. Inventions I and III are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions have different modes of operation. While both methods are drawn to identifying a

Art Unit: 1634

predisposition to autoimmune disease, one uses the identification of a PMR while the other uses the identification of a SNP, thus the methods are not capable of use together and have different modes of operation.

Page 3

4. Inventions II and III are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions the primers of invention II are not disclosed as used in or necessary for the methods of invention III.

Further Restriction Requirement, Group I

Portions of MPEP 803.04 are repeated herein for Applicant's convenience.

"Examples of typical nucleotide sequence claims impacted by the partial waiver of 37 CFR 1.141 et seq. (and the partial waiver of 37 CFR 1.475 and 1.499 et seq., see MPEP § 1850) include...C) a combination of DNA fragments, said combination containing at least thirty different DNA fragments selected from SEQ ID Nos. 1-1,000...Applications containing only composition claims reciting different combinations of individual nucleotide sequences, such as set forth in example (C), will be subject to a restriction requirement. Applicants will be required to select one combination for examination. If the selected combination contains ten or fewer sequences, all of the sequences of the combination will be searched. If the selected combination contains more than ten sequences, the combination will be examined following the procedures set forth above for example (B). More specifically, the combination will be searched until one nucleotide sequence is found to be allowable with the examiner choosing the order of search to maximize the identification of an allowable sequence. The identification of any allowable sequence(s) will cause all combinations containing the allowed sequence(s) to be allowed."

Group I includes claims that recite that at least one of 122 different PMR sequence are detected. Thus, the methods of group I include a multitude of groupings of methods in which PMR sequences are detected, each of which is separate and distinct one from another because they utilize nucleic acid sequences that are structurally separate from one another. The search

Art Unit: 1634

Application/Control Number: 10/085,906

and examination of all possible groups would pose an enormous burden on the examiner and on the PTO search resources. In accordance with MPEP 803.04, applicant is required to select one combination of PMR sequences from the group consisting of the sequences set in the claims. Upon election of the single combination, applicant should identify the PMR sequences by proper SEQ ID NO, as well as identifying the appropriate primer pair for amplification of the elected PMR sequence(s). If the single combination selected by applicant does not encompass all of the PMR sequences recited in claim 3, claim 3 will be considered withdrawn from prosecution.

Further Restriction Requirement, Group II

Group II reads on more than one patentably distinct group, wherein each of the distinct to a particular primer identified by SEQ ID NO, in particular there are 46 different primers recited by SEQ ID NO. If applicant elects group II for prosecution, applicants must further elect single primer for examination. Applicant is advised that examination will be restricted to only the elected primer and this requirement should not to be construed as a species election. Prior to allowance, non-elected subject matter will be required to be deleted from any allowable claims. Each primer is separate and distinct one from another because they are structurally distinct as is evidenced by their distinct sequences and the fact that they amplify unique PMR's.

Species Requirement, Group III

5. Claim 14 generic to a plurality of disclosed patentably distinct species comprising each of the single nucleotide polymorphisms recited in the specification. Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species, even though this requirement is traversed.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to

be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

6. A telephone call was made to Megan Williams on 5/20/03 to request an oral election to the above restriction requirement, but did not result in an election being made.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

7. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Art Unit: 1634

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Juliet Einsmann Switzer whose telephone number is (703) 306-5824. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday, from 9:00 AM until 4:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, W. Gary Jones can be reached on (703) 308-1152. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 308-4242 and (703) 305-3014.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

Juliet Einsmann Switzer

Éxaminer Art Unit 1634

June 2, 2003

B. J. FORMAN PATENT EXAMINER